

Care Instructions

Cleaning & Conditioning

It is important to regularly clean your lounge. As well as to keep it looking good-regular cleaning removes harmful body oils which can damage or weaken leather. With every clean it is vital that you also use a leather conditioner. A leather conditioner helps restore the natural oils and moisture of the material allowing it to flex under use and maintain the elasticity required when the materials are inevitably stretched and pulled through use. A leather conditioner also helps to apply a surface coating, which prevents stains and body oils from penetrating through the leather. You should clean your sofa or chair every month with soft cloth. Also you should clean and condition your lounge around every 6 months. Avoid cleaning your lounge more often than this as this can have a detrimental effect.

We recommend using Guardsman Leather or Leather Master Cleaners and Protectors. Your local supermarket should also stock a range of leather care products.

Full Aniline Leather—Pure Aniline is top grain leather that is dyed for color without any pigments applied. These hides will exhibit some natural characteristics such as healed scars, scratches, neck and belly wrinkles. Expect color variation from the swatch to the actual leather, due to the fact leather is a natural product and will absorb dye differently within the hide and from hide to hide. This leather will develop a rich patina over time and will fade with prolonged exposure to sunlight.

Prevention

Though leather is tough, it can be scratched. It is important to do whatever you can to prevent scratching leather because once a scratch appears, only a professional leather technician can repair it. The greatest threat to leather upholstery is from objects that are harder than the leather itself.

Scratch Prevention

Pets—Cats jumping up on leather furniture often leave claw marks, and more than a few pet owners have been horrified to find marks left by a teething puppy! If pets are allowed on the furniture, it's a good idea to place a blanket where they lay. A comfy pet cushion right nearby is another good option for keeping your pet happy-and your furniture in good shape.

Clothing and shoes—Metal parts on clothing such as snaps, rivets on jeans, and belt buckles can do a number on leather furniture. Most clothing won't harm leather, but before sitting down it's always good to stop and think whether anything you're wearing might leave a mark. And, as with all furniture, feet are best kept on the floor—at minimum, remember to take your shoes off before stretching out on the

Entertaining—Serving trays and utensils should never be placed on leather upholstery. Sharp edges, hot foods, and liquids all pose a danger to leather. Instead, place a low table nearby for serving snacks and beverages.

Moving furniture—Whether you are removing furniture across town, or across the room, always remember to lift rather than pull. Dragging can stretch and damage leather upholstery. Also, be careful not to run leather furniture along walls as you move it. Textured finishes on plaster and drywall can easily scratch leather. And, be careful not to squeeze too tightly through doorframes, as that can be especially tough on any upholstery.

Kids—It is impossible to prevent every mishap, but it is important to discourage standing and jumping on furniture. Aside from the risk of leaving a scratch or gouge, that kind of rough use can damage the frame and recliner mechanism as well.

Recliner— Motion furniture has many moving parts, must be used in operation (opening or closing etc.) Children should not be allowed to play on or operate motion furniture. Always leave recliners in an upright and closed position and keep hands and feet clear of mechanism. Only the occupant should operate. Keep your backup battery in good condition, make sure full charge when first time use, minimum 8 hours. And normal charging, until the indicator light switched to GREEN, it's take about 3~4 hours at least.